## 21. Data Handling

## Exercise 21A

## 1. Question

The number of members in 20 families are given below:
$4,6,5,5,4,6,3,3,5,5,3,5,4,4,6,7,3,5,5,7$.
Prepare a frequency distribution of the data.

## Answer

Arranging the members in ascending order, we get
$3,3,3,3,4,4,4,4,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,6,6,6,7,7$
The frequency distribution table is given below:

| Number of Members | Tally Marks | Number of Families (Frequency) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | IIII | 4 |
| 4 | IIII | 4 |
| 5 | TNIII | 7 |
| 6 | III | 3 |
| 7 | Total | 20 |

## 2. Question

A dice was thrown 30 times and the following outcomes were noted:
$2,1,2,4,6,1,2,3,6,5,4,4,3,1,1,3,1,1,5,6,6,2,2,3,4,2,5,5,6,4$.
Prepare a frequency table.

## Answer

Arranging the outcomes of dice in ascending order, we get
$1,1,1,1,1,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,3,3,3,3,4,4,4,4,4,5,5,5,5,6,6,6,6,6$
The frequency distribution table is given below:

| Number of Dice | Tally Marks | Number of Outcomes (Frequency) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MNX | 6 |
| 2 | INXI | 6 |
| 3 | IIII | 4 |
| 4 | NW, |  |
| 5 | IIII |  |
| 6 | INW |  |
|  | Total | 30 |

## 3. Question

The following data gives the number of children in 40 families:
$1,2,6,5,1,5,1,3,2,6,2,3,4,2,0,4,4,3,2,2,0,0,1,2,2,4,32,1,0,5,1,2,4,3,4,1,6$, 2, 2.

Represent it in the form of a frequency distribution.

## Answer

In the question, the data of the number of children in 40 familiare is given as:
$1,2,6,5,1,5,1,3,2,6,2,3,4,2,0,4,4,3,2,2,0,0,1,2,2,4,32,1,0,5,1,2,4,3,4,1,6$, 2, 2.

On arranging the children in ascending order, we get,
$0,0,0,0,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,3,3,3,3,3,4,4,4,4,4,4,5,5,5,6$, 6, 6

Now, we plot this data in a frequency distribution table as given below:

| Number of Children | Tally Marks | Number of Families (Frequency) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | $\\|\\|$ | 4 |
| 1 | NNWII | 7 |
| 2 | NNWNUI | 12 |
| 3 | TNW | 5 |
| 4 | NNW | 6 |
| 5 | $\\|\\|$ | 3 |
| 6 | $\\|\\|$ | 3 |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{4 0}$ |

## Exercise 21B

## 1. Question

The marks obtained by 40 students of a class in an examination are given below:
$8,47,22,31,17,13,38,26,3,34,29,11,22,7,15,24,38,31,21,35,42,24,45,23,21,27,29$, $49,25,48,21,15,18,27,19,45,14,34,37,34$.

Prepare a frequency distribution table with equal class intervals, starting from 0-10 (where 10 is not included).

## Answer

The frequency distribution table is given as:

| Marks | Tally Marks | Number of Students (Frequency) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-10 | III | 3 |
| 10-20 | INIII | 8 |
| 20-30 | indicuilil | 14 |
| 30-40 | \|TWIIII | 9 |
| 40-50 | Navi | 6 |
|  | Total | 40 |

## 2. Question

The electricity bills (in rupees) of 25 houses of a certain locality for a month are given below:
$324,700,617,400,356,365,435,506,548,736,780,378,570,685,312,630,584,674,754$, 776, 596, 745, 565, 763, 472.

Arrange the above data in increasing order and form a frequency table using equal class intervals, starting from 300-400, where 400 is not included.

## Answer

The frequency distribution table is given as:

| Electricity Bills | Tally Marks | Number of Houses (Frequency) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $300-400$ | NWI | 5 |
| $400-500$ | III | 3 |
| $500-600$ | INII | 6 |
| $600-700$ | IIII | 4 |
| $700-800$ | Total | 2 |

## 3. Question

The weekly wages (in rupees) of 28 workers of a factory are given below:
$668,610,642,658,668,620,719,720,700,690,710,642,672,654,692,706,718,702,704$, $678,615,640,680,716,705,615,636,656$.

Construct a frequency table with equal class intervals, taking the first of the class intervals as 610630, where 630 is not included.

## Answer

The frequency distribution table is given as:

| Weekly Wages | Tally Marks | Number of Workers (Frequency) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $610-630$ | IIII |  |
| $630-650$ | IIII | 4 |
| $650-670$ | INW | 5 |
| $670-690$ | III | 3 |
| $690-710$ | TNWII | 7 |
| $710-730$ | Total | 28 |

## 4. Question

The weekly pocket expenses (in rupees) of 30 students of a class are given below:
$62,80,110,75,84,73,60,62,100,87,78,94,117,86,65,68,90,80,118,72,95,72,103,96$, 64, 94, 87, 85, 105, 115.

Construct a frequency table with class intervals 60-70 (where 70 is not included), 70-80, 80-90, etc.

## Answer

The frequency distribution table is given as:

| Expenses | Tally Marks | Number of Students (Frequency) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $60-70$ | NWI | 6 |
| $70-80$ | TNI | 5 |
| $80-90$ | TNII | 7 |
| $90-100$ | TNI | 5 |
| $100-110$ | III | 3 |
| $110-120$ | IIII | 4 |

## 5. Question

The daily earnings (in rupees) of 24 stores in a market was recorded as under:
$715,650,685,550,573,530,610,525,742,680,736,524,500 ; 585,723,545,532,560,580$, 545, 625, 630, 645, 700.

Prepare a frequency table taking equal class sizes. One such class is 500-550, where 550 is not included.

## Answer

The Frequency distribution will be as follows:

| Daily Earnings | Tally Marks | Number of Stores (Frequency) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $500-550$ | NYII | 7 |
| $550-600$ | INV | 5 |
| $600-650$ | IIII | 4 |
| $650-700$ | III | 3 |
| $700-750$ | TNW | 5 |

## 6. Question

The heights (in cm ) of 22 students were recorded as under:
$125,132,138,144,142,136,134,125,135,130,126,132,135,142,143,128,126,136,135$, 130, 130, 133.

Prepare a frequency distribution table, taking equal class intervals and starling from 125-130, where 130 is not included.

## Answer

The frequency distribution will be as follows


