2. Exponents

Exercise 2A

1. Question

Evaluate:

(i) 4^{-3}

(ii) $\left(\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{-5}$

(iii) $\left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)^{-3}$

(iv) $(-3)^{-4}$

(v) $\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-5}$

Answer

Some basic formulas are:

$$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$$

Now,(i)

$$4^{-3} = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{64}$$

(ii) $\left(\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{-5} = 2^5 = 32$

(iii) $\left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)^{-3} = \left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right)^3 = \dfrac{3^3}{4^3} = \dfrac{27}{64}$

(iv) $(-3)^{-4} = (-3)^{-4} = \left(\dfrac{1}{-3}\right)^4 = \left(\dfrac{-1^4}{3^4}\right) = \dfrac{1}{81}$

(v) $\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-5} = \left(\dfrac{-3}{2}\right)^{5} = \dfrac{(-3)^5}{2^5} = \dfrac{-243}{32}$

2. Question

Evaluate:

(i) $\left(\dfrac{5}{3}\right)^{2} \times \left(\dfrac{5}{3}\right)^{2}$

(ii) $\left(\dfrac{5}{6}\right)^{6} \times \left(\dfrac{5}{6}\right)^{-4}$

(iii) $\left(\dfrac{2}{3}\right)^{-3} \times \left(\dfrac{2}{3}\right)^{-2}$

(iv) $\left(\dfrac{9}{8}\right)^{-3} \times \left(\dfrac{9}{8}\right)^{2}$

Answer

As we know from the rule of exponents that powers of the same base adds up to acquire new power.

(i) $\left(\dfrac{5}{3}\right)^{2} \times \left(\dfrac{5}{3}\right)^{2} = \left(\dfrac{5}{3}\right)^{4}$

$= \dfrac{5^4}{3^4} = \dfrac{625}{81}$

(ii) $\left(\dfrac{5}{6}\right)^{6} \times \left(\dfrac{5}{6}\right)^{-4} = \left(\dfrac{5}{6}\right)^{(6+(-4))}$

$= \left(\dfrac{5}{6}\right)^{(6-4)} = \left(\dfrac{5}{6}\right)^{2} = \dfrac{5^2}{6^2} = \dfrac{25}{36}$

(iii) $\left(\dfrac{2}{3}\right)^{-3} \times \left(\dfrac{2}{3}\right)^{-2} = \left(\dfrac{2}{3}\right)^{(-3)+(-2)}$

$= \left(\dfrac{2}{3}\right)^{-3-2} = \left(\dfrac{2}{3}\right)^{-5} = \left(\dfrac{3}{2}\right)^{5} = \dfrac{3^5}{2^5} = \dfrac{243}{32}$

(iv) $\left(\dfrac{9}{8}\right)^{-3} \times \left(\dfrac{9}{8}\right)^{2} = \left(\dfrac{9}{8}\right)^{-3+2} = \left(\dfrac{9}{8}\right)^{-1} = \dfrac{8}{9}$

3. Question

Evaluate:

(i) $\left(\dfrac{5}{9}\right)^{-2} \times \left(\dfrac{3}{5}\right)^{-3} \times \left(\dfrac{3}{5}\right)^{0}$

(ii) $\left(\dfrac{-3}{5}\right)^{-4} \times \left(\dfrac{-2}{5}\right)^{2}$

(iii) $\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-3} \times \left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-2}$

Answer

(i) $\left(\dfrac{5}{9}\right)^{-2} \times \left(\dfrac{3}{5}\right)^{-3} \times \left(\dfrac{3}{5}\right)^{0}$

First we add the power of the same base,

$= \left(\dfrac{5}{9}\right)^{-2} \times \left(\dfrac{3}{5}\right)^{-3+0}$

Convert the powers in to positive numbers,

$= \left(\dfrac{5}{9}\right)^{-2} \times \left(\dfrac{3}{5}\right)^{-3} = \left(\dfrac{9}{5}\right)^{2} \times \left(\dfrac{5}{3}\right)^{3}$

$= \dfrac{9^2}{5^2} \times \dfrac{5^3}{3^3}$

$= \dfrac{(3^2)^2}{5^2} \times \dfrac{5^3}{3^3}$

By cross multiplying we get,

$= \dfrac{3^4}{5^2} \times \dfrac{5^3}{3^3}$

$= (3^{(4-3)}) \times (5^{(3-2)}) = 3 \times 15 = 15$

(ii) $\left(\dfrac{-3}{5}\right)^{-4} \times \left(\dfrac{-2}{5}\right)^{2} = \left(\dfrac{5}{-3}\right)^{4} \times \left(\dfrac{-2}{5}\right)^{2}$

$= \dfrac{5^4}{-3^4} \times \dfrac{-2^2}{5^2}$

$= 5^{(4-2)} \times \dfrac{-2^2}{-3^4} = 5^2 \times \dfrac{-2^2}{-3^4}$

$= 25 \times \dfrac{4}{81} = \dfrac{100}{81}$

(iii) $\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-3} \times \left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-2} = \left(\dfrac{3}{-2}\right)^{3} \times \left(\dfrac{3}{-2}\right)^{2}$

$= \dfrac{3^3}{-2^3} \times \dfrac{3^2}{-2^2}$

$$= \frac{3^{(3+2)}}{-2^{(3+2)}} = \frac{3^5}{-2^5} = \frac{-243}{32}$$

4. Question

Evaluate:

(i) $\left\{ \left(\frac{-2}{3} \right)^2 \right\}^{-2}$

(ii) $\left[\left\{ \left(\frac{-1}{3} \right)^2 \right\}^{-2} \right]^{-1}$

(iii) $\left\{ \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-2} \right\}^2$

Answer

(i) $\left\{ \left(\frac{-2}{3} \right)^2 \right\}^{-2} = \left(\frac{-2}{3} \right)^{-4} = \left(\frac{3}{-2} \right)^4$

$$= \frac{3^4}{(-2)^4} = \frac{3^4}{2^4} = \frac{81}{16}$$

(ii) $\left[\left\{ \left(\frac{-1}{3} \right)^2 \right\}^{-2} \right]^{-1} = \left[\left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^{2 \times (-2)} \right]^{-1} = \left[\left(\frac{-1}{3} \right)^{-4} \right]^{-1}$

$$= \left(\frac{-1}{3} \right)^{-4 \times -1} = \left(\frac{-1}{3} \right)^4$$

$$= \frac{-1^4}{3^4} = \frac{1^4}{3^4} = \frac{1}{81}$$

(iii) $\left\{ \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-2} \right\}^2 = \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-2 \times 2}$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^{-4} = \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^4 = \frac{2^4}{3^4} = \frac{16}{81}$$

5. Question

Evaluate $\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^{-3} - \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{-3} \right\} \div \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^{-3}$

Answer

Consider $\left\{\left(\dfrac{1}{3}\right)^{-3}-\left(\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{-3}\right\}\div\left(\dfrac{1}{4}\right)^{-3}$,

As we know,

$$a^{-m}=\dfrac{1}{a^m}$$

$$=\left\{\left(\dfrac{1}{3}\right)^{-3}\times-\left(\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{-3}\right\}\div\left(\dfrac{1}{4}\right)^{-3}$$

$$=\{3^3-2^3\}\div 4^3$$

$$=\{27-8\}\div 64=\dfrac{19}{64}$$

6. Question

Evaluate $\left\{\left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)^{-1}-\left(\dfrac{1}{4}\right)^{-1}\right\}^{-1}$

Answer

Consider $\left\{\left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)^{-1}-\left(\dfrac{1}{4}\right)^{-1}\right\}^{-1}$,

As we know,

$$a^{-m}=\dfrac{1}{a^m}$$

$$=\left\{\left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)^{-1}-\left(\dfrac{1}{4}\right)^{-1}\right\}^{-1}=\left\{\left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right)^{1}-\left(\dfrac{4}{1}\right)^{1}\right\}^{-1}=\left\{\left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right)-\left(\dfrac{4}{1}\right)\right\}^{-1}$$

Now take the LCM of 4 and 1 which is 4.

$$\therefore\left\{\left(\dfrac{3\times 1}{4\times 1}\right)-\left(\dfrac{4\times 4}{1\times 4}\right)\right\}^{-1}=\left\{\dfrac{3}{4}-\dfrac{16}{4}\right\}^{-1}$$

$$=\left\{\dfrac{3-16}{4}\right\}^{-1}=\left\{\dfrac{-13}{4}\right\}^{-1}$$

$$=\left\{\dfrac{4}{-13}\right\}^{1}=\dfrac{4}{-13}$$

7. Question

Evaluate $[(5^{-1}\times 3^{-1})^{-1}\div 6^{-1}]$

Answer

For any number $a \neq 0$ $a^{-1} = 1/a$ So, $[(5^{-1} \times 3^{-1})^{-1} \div 6^{-1}]$

$$= \left[\left(\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{3}\right)^{-1} \div \frac{1}{6}\right]$$

$$= \left[\left(\frac{1}{15}\right)^{-1} \div \frac{1}{6}\right]$$

$$= [15 \times 6]$$

$$= 90$$

8. Question

Find the value of:

(i) $(2^0 + 3^{-1}) \times 3^2$

(ii) $(2^{-1} \times 3^{-1}) \div 2^{-3}$

(iii) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-2}$

Answer

(i) $(2^0 + 3^{-1}) \times 3^2$

As we know that by the rule $a^0 = 1$

So,

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{3}\right) \times 3^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{1 \times 3}{1 \times 3} + \frac{1 \times 1}{3 \times 1}\right) \times 3^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{3} + \frac{1}{3}\right) \times 3^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times 3^2$$

$= 4 \times 3^{(2-1)} = 4 \times 3 = 12$ Ans. (ii) $(2^{-1} \times 3^{-1}) \div 2^{-3}$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) \div \frac{1^3}{2^3} = \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \times 8 = \frac{8}{6} = \frac{4}{3}$$

(iii) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-2}$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{1}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{3}{1}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{4}{1}\right)^{2}$$

$$= 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2$$

$$= 4 + 9 + 16 = 29 \text{ Ans.}$$

9. Question

Find the value of x for which

$$\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{-4} \times \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{-5} = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{3x}$$

Answer

$$\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{-4} \times \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{-5} = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{3x}$$

Consider the left side;

$$\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{-4} \times \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{-5} = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{(-4+(-5))} = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{-9}$$

Given:

$$\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{-9} = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{3x}$$

Comparing the powers;

-9 = 3x

$$= x = \frac{-9}{3}$$

x = -3

10. Question

Find the value of x for which

$$\left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{4} \times \left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{-7} = \left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{2x-1}$$

Answer

Given,

$$\left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^4 \times \left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{-7} = \left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{2x-1}$$

$$\therefore \left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{(4-7)} = \left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{-3} = \left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{2x-1}$$

= 2x – 1 = -3

2x = -3 + 1 = -2

= x = -1

11. Question

By what number should $(-6)^{-1}$ be multiplied so that the product becomes 9^{-1}?

Answer

Let take that number be x;

$(x) \times (-6)^{-1} = 9^{-1}$

$x \times \frac{1}{-6} = \frac{1}{9} = \frac{x}{-6} = \frac{1}{9}$ or $x = \frac{-6}{9}$

The greatest common divisor for the numerator and denominator is 3.

$$\therefore x = \frac{-6}{9} = \frac{(-6) \div 3}{9 \div 3} = \frac{-2}{3}$$

12. Question

By what number should $\left(\frac{-2}{3}\right)^{-3}$ be divided so that the quotient may be $\left(\frac{4}{27}\right)^{-2}$?

Answer

Let the number be x,

$$\therefore \left(\frac{-2}{3}\right)^{-3} \div x = \left(\frac{4}{27}\right)^{-2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{3}{-2}\right)^3 \div x = \left(\frac{27}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)^3 \div x = \left(\frac{27}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)^3 \times \frac{1}{x} = \left(\frac{27}{4}\right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-3^3}{2^3} \times \frac{1}{x} = \frac{27^2}{4^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{27}{8} \times \frac{1}{x} = \frac{27^2}{4^2} = \frac{27 \times 27}{4 \times 4} = \frac{27 \times 27}{4 \times 2 \times 2} = \frac{27 \times 27}{8 \times 2}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{x} = \frac{\left(\frac{27 \times 27}{8 \times 2}\right)}{\left(\frac{-27}{8}\right)}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{\left(\frac{-27}{8}\right)}{\left(\frac{27 \times 27}{8 \times 2}\right)} = \left(\frac{-27}{8}\right) \times \left(\frac{8 \times 2}{27 \times 27}\right) = \frac{-2}{27}$$

13. Question

If $5^{2x+1} \div 25 = 125$, find the value of x.

Answer

Given,

$$5^{2x+1} \div 25 = 125$$

We know that,

$$25 = 5 \times 5 = 5^2$$

$$125 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 5^3$$

$$\therefore \frac{5^{2x+1}}{5^2} = 5^3 = 5^{[(2x+1) -2]} = 5^3$$

$$5^{[(2x+1)-2]} = 5^{[2x-1]} = 5^3$$

$$= 2x - 1 = 3$$

$$2x = 3 + 1 = 4$$

$$x = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$\therefore x = 2$$

Exercise 2B

1. Question

Write each of the following numbers in standard form:

(i) 57.36

(ii) 3500000

(iii) 273000

(iv) 168000000

(v) 4630000000000

(vi) 345 x10^5

Answer

(i) 57.36 = 5.736 × 10

(ii) 3500000 = 35 × 10^5 = 3.5 × 10^6

(iii) 273000 = 273 × 10^3 = 2.73 × 10^5

(iv) 168000000 = 168 × 10^6 = 1.68 × 10^8

(v) 4630000000000 = 463 × 10^{10} = 4.63 × 10^{12}

(vi) 345 × 10^5 = 34500000 =3.45 × 10^7

2. Question

Write each of the following numbers in usual form:

(i) 3.74 × 10^5

(ii) 6.912 × 10^8

(iii) 4.1253 × 10^7

(iv) 2.5 × 10^4

(v) 5.17 × 10^8

(vi) 1.679 × 10^9

Answer

(i) 3.74 × 10^5 = $\frac{374}{100}$ × 10^5 = $\frac{374 \times 10^5}{10^2}$ = 374 × 10$^{(5-2)}$ = 374 × 10^3 = 374000

(ii) 6.912 × 10^8 = $\frac{6912}{1000}$ × 10^8 = $\frac{6912 \times 10^8}{10^3}$ = 6912 × 10$^{(8-3)}$ = 6912 × 10^5 = 691200000

(iii) 4.1253 × 10^7 = $\frac{41253}{10000}$ × 10^7 = $\frac{41253 \times 10^7}{10^4}$ = 41253 × 10$^{(7-4)}$ = 41253 × 10^3 = 41253000

(iv) 2.5 × 10^4 = $\frac{25}{10}$ × 10^4 = $\frac{25 \times 10^4}{10}$ = 25 × 10$^{(4-1)}$ = 25 × 10^3 = 25000

(v) 5.17 × 10^6 = $\frac{517}{100}$ × 10^6 = $\frac{517 \times 10^6}{10^2}$ = 517 × 10$^{(6-2)}$ = 517 × 10^4 = 5170000

(vi) 1.679 × 10^9 = $\frac{1679}{1000}$ × 10^9 = $\frac{1679 \times 10^9}{10^3}$ = 1679 × 10$^{(9-3)}$ = 1679 × 10^6 = 1679000000

3 A. Question

The height of Mount Everest is 8848 m. Write it in standard form.

Answer

Height of the Mount Everest = 8848m

If we wrights it in standard form we have,

8848 = 8.848 × 1000m = $8.848 × 10^3$ m.

3 B. Question

The speed of light is 300000000 m/sec. express it in standard form.

Answer

Speed of the light = 300000000 m/sec

In standard for we will get,

300000000 = 3 × 100000000 m/sec = $3 × 10^8$ m/sec

3 C. Question

The distance from the earth to the sun is 149600000000 m. Write it in standard form.

Answer

Distance from earth to sun = 149600000000 m

In standard form we have,

149600000000 = 1496 × 100000000

= 1.496 × 1000 × 100000000

= $1.496 × 10^3 × 10^8 = 1.496 × 10^{11}$ m.

4. Question

Mass of earth is $(5.97 × 10^{24})$ kg and mass of moon is $(7.35 × 10^{22})$ kg. What is the total mass of the two?

Answer

Given,

Mass of the earth = $5.97 × 10^{24}$ kg

Mass of the moon = $7.35 × 10^{22}$ kg

Now,

Mass of the earth = $5.97 × 10^{24} = 5.97 × 10^{(2+22)} = 5.97 × 10^2 × 10^{22} = 597 × 10^{22}$

So,

We can also Wright the mass of the earth as $597 × 10^{22}$ kg

Sum of the masses of the earth and the moon;

= $(597 × 10^{22}) + (7.35 × 10^{22}) = (597+7.35) × 10^{22} = 604.35 × 10^{22}$ kg

= 6.0435 × 100 × 10^{22} = 6.0435 × 10^2 × 10^{22} = 6.0435 × 10$^{(2+22)}$ = 6.0435 × 10^{24} kg

5. Question

Write each of the following numbers in standard form:

(i) 0.0006

(ii) 0.00000083

(iii) 0.0000000534

(iv) 0.0027

(v) 0.00000165

(vi) 0.00000000689

Answer

(i) 0.0006 = $\frac{6}{10^4}$ = 6 × 10^{-4}

(ii) 0.00000083 = $\frac{83}{10^8}$ = $\frac{8.3 \times 10}{10^8}$ = 8.3 × 10$^{(1-8)}$ = 8.3 × 10^{-7}

(iii) 0.0000000534 = $\frac{534}{10^{10}}$ = $\frac{5.34 \times 10^2}{10^{10}}$ = 5.34 × 10$^{(2-10)}$ = 5.34 × 10^{-8}

(iv) 0.0027 = $\frac{27}{10^4}$ = $\frac{27 \times 10}{10^4}$ = 2.7 × 10$^{(1-4)}$ = 2.7 × 10^{-3}

(v) 0.00000165 = $\frac{165}{10^8}$ = $\frac{1.65 \times 10^2}{10^8}$ = 1.65 × 10$^{(2-8)}$ = 1.65 × 10^{-6}

(vi) 0.00000000689 = $\frac{689}{10^{11}}$ = $\frac{6.89 \times 10^2}{10^{11}}$ = 6.89 × 10$^{(2-11)}$ = 6.89 × 10^{-9}

6 A. Question

1 micron = $\frac{1}{1000000}$ m. Express it in standard form.

Answer

1 micron = $\frac{1}{1000000}$ m = 1 × 10^{-6} m.

6 B. Question

Size of a bacteria = 0.0000004 m. Express it in standard form.

Answer

Size of the bacteria = 0.0000004 m = $\frac{4}{10^7}$ m = (4 × 10^{-7})m

6 C. Question

Thickness of a paper = 0.03 mm. Express it in standard form.

Answer

Thickness of paper = 0.03 mm = $\frac{1}{10^2}$ mm = (3×10^{-2}) mm

7. Question

Write each of the following numbers in usual form:

(i) 2.06×10^{-5}

(ii) 5×10^{-7}

(iii) 6.82×10^{-6}

(iv) 5.673×10^{-4}

(v) 1.8×10^{-2}

(vi) 4.129×10^{-3}

Answer

(i) $2.06 \times 10^{-5} = \frac{206}{100} \times \frac{1}{10^5}$

$$= \frac{206}{10^2 \times 10^5}$$

$$= \frac{206}{10^{(5+2)}}$$

$$= \frac{206}{10^7}$$

$$= \frac{206}{10000000} = 0.0000206$$

(ii) $5 \times 10^{-7} = \frac{5}{10^7}$

$$= \frac{5}{10000000} = 0.0000005$$

(iii) $6.82 \times 10^{-6} = \frac{682}{100} \times \frac{1}{10^6}$

$$= \frac{682}{10^2 \times 10^6}$$

$$= \frac{682}{10^{(2+6)}} = \frac{682}{10^8}$$

$$= \frac{682}{100000000} = 0.00000682$$

(iv) $5.673 \times 10^{-4} = \frac{5673}{1000} \times \frac{1}{10^4}$

$= \frac{5673}{10^3 \times 10^4} = \frac{5673}{10^{(3+4)}}$

$= \frac{5673}{10^7} = \frac{5673}{10000000} = 0.0005673$

(v) $1.8 \times 10^{-2} = \frac{18}{10} \times \frac{1}{10^2}$

$= \frac{18}{10 \times 10^2} = \frac{18}{10^{(1+2)}}$

$= \frac{18}{10^3} = \frac{18}{1000} = 0.018$

(vi) $4.129 \times 10^{-3} = \frac{4129}{1000} \times \frac{1}{10^3}$

$= \frac{4129}{10^3 \times 10^3} = \frac{4129}{10^{(3+3)}}$

$= \frac{4129}{10^6} = \frac{4129}{1000000} = 0.004129$

Exercise 2C

1. Question

The value of $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^{-3}$ is

A. $-\frac{8}{125}$

B. $\frac{25}{4}$

C. $\frac{125}{8}$

D. $-\frac{2}{5}$

Answer

$\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^{-3} = \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{5^3}{2^3} = \frac{125}{8}$

2. Question

The value of $(-3)^{-4}$ is

A. 12

B. 81

C. $-\dfrac{1}{12}$

D. $\dfrac{1}{81}$

Answer

$(-3)^{-4} = \dfrac{1}{(-3)^4} = \dfrac{1}{(-1)^4 \times (3)^4} = \dfrac{1}{(3)^4} = \dfrac{1}{81}$

3. Question

The value of $(-2)^{-5}$ is

A. -32

B. $\dfrac{-1}{32}$

C. 32

D. $\dfrac{1}{32}$

Answer

$(-2)^{-5} = \dfrac{1}{(-2)^5} = \dfrac{1}{-32} = \dfrac{1 \times (-1)}{-32 \times (-1)} = \dfrac{-1}{32}$

4. Question

The value of $(2^{-5} \div 2^{-2})$ is

A. $\dfrac{1}{128}$

B. $\dfrac{-1}{128}$

C. $-\dfrac{1}{8}$

D. $\dfrac{1}{8}$

Answer

Consider $(2^{-5} \div 2^{-2})$,

We know,For any non zero number "a"

$$a^{-1} = \frac{1}{a}$$

So,

$$(2^{-5} \div 2^{-2}) = \left(\frac{1}{2^5} \div \frac{1}{2^2}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{32} \div \frac{1}{4}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{32} \times 4\right) = \frac{4}{32} = \frac{1}{8}$$

5. Question

The value of $\left(3^{-1} + 4^{-1}\right) \div 5^{-1}$ is

A. $\dfrac{7}{10}$

B. $\dfrac{60}{7}$

C. $\dfrac{7}{5}$

D. $\dfrac{7}{15}$

Answer

$$(3^{-1} + 4^{-1})^{-1} \div 5^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}\right)^{-1} \div \frac{1}{5}$$

$$= \left(\frac{4+3}{12}\right)^{-1} \div \frac{1}{5} = \left(\frac{7}{12}\right)^{-1} \div \frac{1}{5}$$

$$= \left(\frac{12}{7}\right) \div \frac{1}{5} = \frac{12}{7} \times 5 = \frac{60}{7}$$

6. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-2} = ?$

A. $\dfrac{61}{144}$

B. $\dfrac{144}{61}$

C. 29

D. $\dfrac{1}{29}$

Answer

$$\left(\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{-2} + \left(\dfrac{1}{3}\right)^{-2} + \left(\dfrac{1}{4}\right)^{-2} = \left(\dfrac{2}{1}\right)^{2} + \left(\dfrac{3}{1}\right)^{2} + \left(\dfrac{4}{1}\right)^{2}$$

$$= 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2$$

$$= 4 + 9 + 16$$

$$= 29$$

7. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left\{\left(\dfrac{1}{3}\right)^{-3} - \left(\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{-3}\right\} \div \left(\dfrac{1}{4}\right)^{-3} = ?$

A. $\dfrac{19}{64}$

B. $\dfrac{27}{16}$

C. $\dfrac{64}{19}$

D. $\dfrac{16}{25}$

Answer

$$\left\{\left(\dfrac{1}{3}\right)^{-3} - \left(\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{-3}\right\} \div \left(\dfrac{1}{4}\right)^{-3}$$

$$= \{3^3 - 2^3\} \div 4^3$$

$$= \{27 - 8\} \div 64$$

$$= 19 \div 64 = \dfrac{19}{64}$$

8. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left[\left\{\left(\dfrac{-1}{3}\right)^{2}\right\}^{-2}\right]^{-1} = ?$

A. $\dfrac{1}{16}$

B. 16

C. $-\dfrac{1}{16}$

D. -16

Answer

$$\left[\left\{\left(-\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{2}\right\}^{-2}\right]^{-1}$$

$$=\left[\left\{-\dfrac{1}{2}\right\}^{-4}\right]^{-1}$$

$$=\left(-\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{(-4\times-1)}$$

$$=\left(-\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{4}=\dfrac{1}{16}$$

9. Question

The value of x for which $\left(\dfrac{7}{12}\right)^{-4}\times\left(\dfrac{7}{12}\right)^{3x}=\left(\dfrac{7}{12}\right)^{5}$ is

A. -1

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

Answer

$$\left(\dfrac{7}{12}\right)^{-4}\times\left(\dfrac{7}{12}\right)^{3x}=\left(\dfrac{7}{12}\right)^{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow\left(\dfrac{7}{12}\right)^{-4+3x}=\left(\dfrac{7}{12}\right)^{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x-4=5$$

$$3x=9$$

$$x=\dfrac{9}{3}=3$$

10. Question

If $(2^{3x+1}+10)\div7=6$, then x is equal to

A. -2

B. 0

C. 1

D. 2

Answer

$(2^{3x-1} + 10) \div 7 = 6$

$$= \frac{(2^{3x-1} + 10)}{7} = \frac{6}{1}$$

Now by cross multiplying,

$(2^{3x-1} + 10) \times 1 = 6 \times 7 = 42$

$2^{3x-1} = 42-10$

$2^{3x-1} = 32$

$2^{3x-1} = 2^5$

$3x-1 = 5$

$3x = 6$

$x = \frac{6}{3} = 2$

Therefore x = 2

11. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^0 = ?$

A. $\frac{3}{2}$

B. $\frac{2}{3}$

C. 1

D. 0

Answer

By using the law of exponents $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^0 = 1$

$\therefore \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^0 = 1$

12. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left(\dfrac{-5}{3}\right)^{-1}$ = ?

A. $\dfrac{5}{3}$

B. $\dfrac{3}{5}$

C. $\dfrac{-3}{5}$

D. None of these

Answer

$$\left(-\dfrac{5}{3}\right)^{-1} = \dfrac{1}{-\dfrac{5}{3}} = -\dfrac{3}{5}$$

13. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left(-\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{3}$ = ?

A. $\dfrac{-1}{6}$

B. $\dfrac{1}{6}$

C. $\dfrac{1}{8}$

D. $\dfrac{-1}{8}$

Answer

$$\left(-\dfrac{1}{2}\right)^{3} = -\dfrac{1}{2} \times -\dfrac{1}{2} \times -\dfrac{1}{2} = -\dfrac{1}{8}$$

14. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left(-\dfrac{3}{4}\right)^{2}$ = ?

A. $\dfrac{-9}{16}$

B. $\dfrac{9}{16}$

C. $\dfrac{16}{9}$

D. $\dfrac{-16}{9}$

Answer

$$\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = -\frac{3}{4} \times -\frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$$

15. Question

3670000 in standard form is

A. 367×10^4

B. 36.7×10^5

C. 3.67×10^6

D. None of these

Answer

$3670000 = 367 \times 10^4$

The standard form is written as one decimal number with any integer power.Therefore, $3670000 = 367 \times 10^4$

$= 36.7 \times 10^5$

$= 3.67 \times 10^6$

Thus, 3.67×10^6 is the standard form.

16. Question

0.0000463 in standard form is

A. 463×10^{-7}

B. 4.63×10^{-5}

C. 4.63×10^{-9}

D. 46.3×10^{-6}

Answer

0.0000463 in standard form is written as:

0.0000463

$= 0.463 \times 10^{-4}$

$= 4.63 \times 10^{-5}$

17. Question

0.000367×10^4 in usual form is

A. 3.67

B. 36.7

C. 0.367

D. 0.0367

Answer

The usual form of 0.000367 ×10^4 is written as:

0.000367 × 10^4

= 0.00367 × 10^3

=0.0367 × 10^2

= 0.367 × 10^1

= 3.67

CCE Test Paper-2

1. Question

Evaluate

(i) 3^{-4}

(ii) $(-4)^3$

(iii) $\left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right)^{-2}$

(iv) $\left(\dfrac{5}{7}\right)^0$

Answer

(i) $3^{-4} = \dfrac{1}{3^4} = \dfrac{1}{81}$

(ii) $(-4)^3 = (-1)^3 \times (4)^3 = -1 \times 64 = -64$

(iii) $\left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right)^{-2} = \left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)^2 = \dfrac{4^2}{3^2} = \dfrac{16}{9}$

(iv) $\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-5} = \left(\dfrac{3}{-2}\right)^5 = \dfrac{3^5}{-2^5} = \dfrac{243}{-32} = \dfrac{243 \times -1}{-32 \times -1} = \dfrac{-243}{32}$

(v) Using the property $\left(\dfrac{a}{b}\right)^0 = 1$ we will get,

$\left(\dfrac{5}{7}\right)^0 = 1$

2. Question

Evaluate: $\left\{\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{3}\right\}^{-2}$

Answer

Consider $\left\{\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{3}\right\}^{-2}$

As we know $(a^{m})^{n} = a^{mn}$

$$\left\{\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{3}\right\}^{-2} = \left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-6} = \left(\dfrac{3}{-2}\right)^{6} = \dfrac{3^{6}}{2^{6}} = \dfrac{729}{64}$$

3. Question

Simplify: $\left(3^{-1} + 6^{-1}\right) \div \left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right)^{-1}$

Answer

$$\left(3^{-1} + 6^{-1}\right) \div \left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right)^{-1} = \left(\dfrac{1}{3} + \dfrac{1}{6}\right) \div \left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)^{1}$$

$$= \left(\left[\dfrac{1 \times 2}{3 \times 2}\right] + \left[\dfrac{1 \times 1}{6 \times 1}\right]\right) \div \left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$= \left(\dfrac{2 + 1}{6}\right) \div \left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$= \left(\dfrac{3}{6}\right) \div \left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$= \left(\dfrac{1}{2}\right) \div \left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$= \left(\dfrac{1}{2}\right) \times \left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right) = \dfrac{3}{8}$$

4. Question

By what number should $\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-3}$ be divided so that the quotient is $\left(\dfrac{4}{9}\right)^{-2}$?

Answer

Suppose the number is x

So we have,

$$\left(\frac{-2}{3}\right)^{-3} \div x = \left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^{-2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{3}{-2}\right)^{3} \div x = \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\left(\frac{3}{-2}\right)^{3}}{x} = \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\frac{3^3}{-2^3}}{x} = \frac{9^2}{4^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{\left(\frac{3^3}{-2^3}\right)}{\left(\frac{9^2}{4^2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{3^3}{-2^3}\right)}{\left(\frac{(3^2)^2}{(2^2)^2}\right)}$$

$$= \left(\frac{3^3}{-2^3}\right) \times \left(\frac{(2^2)^2}{(3^2)^2}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{3^3}{-2^3}\right) \times \left(\frac{2^4}{3^4}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{3^3}{-2^3}\right) \times \left(\frac{2^3}{3^3}\right) \times \left(\frac{2^1}{3^1}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{-1}\right) \times \left(\frac{2^1}{3^1}\right) = \frac{2}{-3}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times -1}{-3 \times -1} = \frac{-2}{3}$$

5. Question

By what number should $(-3)^{-1}$ be multiplied so that the quotient is 6^{-1}?

Answer

Let's suppose the number is x

$(-3)^{-1} \times (x) = (6)^{-1}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{-3} \times x = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1 \times -1}{-3 \times -1} \times x = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\therefore \frac{x}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

On cross multiplying:

(-x) × 6 = 1 × 3

-6x = 3

6x = -3

$$\therefore x = \frac{-3}{6} = \frac{-1}{2}$$

6. Question

Express each of the following in standard form:

(i) 345

(ii) 180000

(iii) 0.000003

(iv) 0.000027

Answer

(i) $345 = 3.45 \times 100 = 3.45 \times 10^2$

(ii) $180000 = 18 \times 1000 = 18 \times 10^4 = 1.8 \times 10 \times 10^4 = 1.8 \times 10^{(1+4)} = 1.8 \times 10^5$

(iii) $0.000003 = \frac{3}{1000000} = 3 \times 10^{-6}$

(iv) $0.000027 = \frac{27}{1000000} = \frac{27}{10^6} = \frac{2.7 \times 10}{10^6} = 2.7 \times 10^{(1-6)} = 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$

7. Question

The value of $(-3)^{-3}$ is

A. -27

B. 9

C. $\frac{-1}{27}$

D. $\dfrac{1}{27}$

Answer

$$(-3)^{-3} = \left(\dfrac{1}{-3}\right)^3 = \dfrac{1^3}{-3^3} = \dfrac{1}{-27} = \dfrac{1 \times -1}{-27 \times -1} = \dfrac{-1}{27}$$

8. Question

The value of $\left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right)^{-3}$ is

A. $\dfrac{-27}{64}$

B. $\dfrac{64}{27}$

C. $\dfrac{-9}{4}$

D. $\dfrac{27}{64}$

Answer

$$\left(\dfrac{3}{4}\right)^{-3} = \left(\dfrac{4}{3}\right)^3 = \dfrac{4^3}{3^3} = \dfrac{64}{27}$$

9. Question

Choose the corret answer: $(3^{-6} \div 3^4) = ?$

A. 3^{-2}

B. 3^2

C. 3^{-10}

D. 3^{10}

Answer

$$3^{-6} \div 3^4 = \left(\dfrac{1}{3^6} \div 3^4\right)$$

$$= \dfrac{1}{3^6} \times \dfrac{1}{3^4} = \dfrac{1}{3^{(6+4)}}$$

$$= \dfrac{1}{3^{10}} = 3^{-10}$$

10. Question

If $\left(\dfrac{5}{12}\right)^{-4} \times \left(\dfrac{5}{12}\right)^{3x} = \left(\dfrac{5}{12}\right)^{5}$, then x=?

A. -1

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

Answer

$$\left(\dfrac{5}{12}\right)^{-4} \times \left(\dfrac{5}{12}\right)^{3x} = \left(\dfrac{5}{12}\right)^{5}$$

$$\implies \left(\dfrac{5}{12}\right)^{-4+3x} = \left(\dfrac{5}{12}\right)^{5}$$

$\implies$ -4 + 3x = 5

$\implies$ 3x = 5 + 4 = 9

$\implies x = \dfrac{9}{3} = 3$

11. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left(\dfrac{3}{5}\right)^{0} = ?$

A. $\dfrac{5}{3}$

B. $\dfrac{3}{5}$

C. 1

D. 0

Answer

By the law of exponents $\left(\dfrac{a}{b}\right)^{0} = 1$

We will get,

$$\left(\dfrac{3}{5}\right)^{0} = 1$$

12. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left(\dfrac{-6}{5}\right)^{-1} = ?$

A. $\dfrac{6}{5}$

B. $\dfrac{-6}{5}$

C. $\dfrac{5}{6}$

D. $\dfrac{-5}{6}$

Answer

$$\left(\dfrac{-6}{5}\right)^{-1} = \left(\dfrac{5}{-6}\right)^{1} = \dfrac{5}{-6} = \dfrac{5 \times -1}{-6 \times -1} = \dfrac{-5}{6}$$

13. Question

Choose the correct answer: $\left(\dfrac{-1}{5}\right)^{3} = ?$

A. $\dfrac{-1}{9}$

B. $\dfrac{1}{9}$

C. $\dfrac{-1}{27}$

D. $\dfrac{1}{27}$

Answer

$$\left(\dfrac{-1}{3}\right)^{3} = \dfrac{-1^3}{3^3} = \dfrac{-1}{27}$$

14. Question

Fill in the blanks.

(i) 360000 written in standard form is…..

(ii) 0.0000123 written in standard form is…..

(iii) $\left(\dfrac{-2}{3}\right)^{-2} = \text{…….}$

(iv) 3×10^{-3} in usual form is.....

(v) 5.32×10^{-4} in usual form is.....

Answer

(i) 360000 written in standard form is 3.6×10^5

$360000 = 36 \times 10^4 = 3.6 \times 10 \times 10^4 = 3.6 \times 10^{(1+4)} = 3.6 \times 10^5$

(ii) 0.0000123 written in standard form is 1.23×10^{-5}

$$0.0000123 = \frac{123}{10000000} = \frac{123}{10^7}$$

$$= \frac{1.23 \times 100}{10^7} = \frac{1.23 \times 10^2}{10^7}$$

$$= 1.23 \times 10^{(2-7)} = 1.23 \times 10^{-5}$$

(iii) $\left(\frac{-2}{3}\right)^{-2} = \frac{9}{4}$

$$\left(\frac{-2}{3}\right)^{-2} = \left(\frac{3}{-2}\right)^{2} = \frac{3^2}{-2^2} = \frac{9}{4}$$

(iv) 3×10^{-3} in usual form is 0.003

$$3 \times 10^{-3} = \frac{3}{10^3} = \frac{3}{1000} = 0.003$$

(v) 5.32×10^{-4} in usual form is 0.000532

$$5.32 \times 10^{-4} = \frac{5.32}{10^4} = \frac{5.32}{10000} = 0.000532$$