

ICSE 2020
Grade 10
History and Civics

Time allowed: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

PART I

Attempt all questions from this Part

Question 1

- (a) Name the two Houses of the Indian Parliament. [1]
- (b) What is meant by the term 'Session'? [1]
- (c) How is the Speaker of the Lok Sabha elected? [1]
- (d) What is the term of office of a Rajya Sabha member? [1]
- (e) Who is the Supreme Commander of the Armed forces of India? [1]
- (f) What is the normal term of office of the Vice President of India? [1]
- (g) Who appoints the Prime Minister of India? [1]
- (h) State the body that decides the major policies of the Government? [1]
- (i) Name the Courts that are empowered to issue Writs for the enforcement of Fundamental Rights. [1]
- (j) Mention any one advantage of the Lok Adalat. [1]

Question 2

- (a) Mention any two contributions of Bipin Chandra Pal in promoting Nationalism. [2]
- (b) State any two methods adopted by the Early Nationalists in the National Movement. [2]
- (c) Why is October 16, 1905 regarded as an important day in the history of the Indian National Movement? [2]
- (d) Name any two leaders of the Khilafat Movement. [2]
- (e) State any two causes for the Non-Cooperation Movement. [2]
- (f) Mention any two objectives of the Forward Bloc. [2]
- (g) What was meant by the term 'Imperialism', as a cause for World War I? [2]
- (h) Give any two reasons for the rise of Fascism. [2]
- (i) Name the two International Organisations that were formed, one as a consequences of World War I and the other after World War II. [2]
- (j) Give the full form of UNICEF and WHO. [2]

PART II

SECTION A

Attempt any two questions from this Section

Question 3:

Write reference to the Union Legislature, answer the following questions:

- (a) Explain any three Legislative powers of the Union Parliament. [3]
- (b) State any three exclusive powers of the Lok Sabha that is not enjoyed by the other House. [3]
- (c) List any four functions of the Speaker of the Lok Sabha. [4]

Question 4:

The Executive Power of the Indian Union is vested in the President.

In this context, answer the following:

- (a) How is the President of India elected? [3]

State the composition of the Electoral College that elects him.

- (b) Explain any three Discretionary Power of the President. [3]

- (c) Mention any four Executive Powers of the President. [4]

Question 5:

With reference to the Supreme Court as the Apex Court in our Indian Judiciary, explain the following:

- (a) Any three cases that come under the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court. [3]

- (b) Power of Judicial Review. [3]

- (c) Supreme Court as a Court of Record. [4]

SECTION B

Attempt any three questions from this Section

Question 6

By 1857, conditions were ripe for a mass uprising in the form of the Great Revolt of 1857. In this context, explain the following:

- (a) Any three Economic causes for the revolt of 1857. [3]
- (b) Any three Military causes. [3]
- (c) Any three Political causes of the revolt. [4]

Question 7

With reference to the Mass phase of the National Movement under the leadership of Gandhi, answer the following:

- (a) Briefly explain the Dandi March of 1930. [3]
- (b) State any three reasons for the launching of the Quit India Movement. [3]
- (c) Explain any four significant effects of the Quit India Movement. [4]

Question 8

With reference to the Partition plan, answer the following:

- (a) (i) Name the last Viceroy of India.
- (ii) State any two reasons for him to come to India. [3]
- (b) Mention any three proposals under his plan. [3]

(c) State any four reasons for the Congress to finally accept the Plan. [4]

Question 9



- (a) Name the organization associated with the above Emblem. [3]
- (b) Mention any three functions of WHO, as its agency. [3]
- (c) Name the Principal Judicial Organ of this organization and explain its composition. [4]

Question 10

With reference to the Second World War and the Non-Aligned Movement, answer the following:

- (a) Explain briefly three reasons for the Dissatisfaction with the Treaty of Versailles. [3]
- (b) State any three consequences of the Second World War. [3]
- (c) Mention any four chief architects of the Non-Aligned Movement. [4]