## C H A P T ER

## Joint Stock Company Issue of Debentures

## MEANING OF KEY TERMS USED IN THE CHAPTER

## 1. Debenture

It is a written acknowledgement of Debt issued by the company. 'Debenture' includes debenture stock, bonds or any other instrument of a company, evidencing a debt, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the company or not.

## 2. Debentureholder

The person who owns the debentures.

## 3. Issue of Debentures for Cash

It means issue of debentures against consideration being received through bank.
4. Issue of Debentures for Consideration other than Cash

It means issue of debentures against which amount is not received as consideration but is received in kind, i.e., assets or services,
5. Issue of Debentures as Collateral Security

It means issue of debentures to secure a loan.
6. Issue of Debentures at Par

It means that debentures are issued at its nominal (face) value of debentures.
7. Issue of Debentures at Premium

It means that the issue price of the debentures is higher than their nominal (face) value.

## 8. Issue of Debentures at Discount

It means that the issue price of the debentures is lower than their nominal (face) value.

## 9. Redemption of Debentures at Par

It means that the redemption value and the nominal (face) value of debenture is same.
10. Redemption of Debentures at Premium

It means that the redemption value of the debenture is higher than its nominal (face) value.

## SUMMARY OF THE CHAPTER

- Debenture: A debenture is a written instrument acknowledging a debt and issued under the common seal of the company. It is an agreement for the repayment of the principal sum at a specified date and for the payment of interest at the specified rate.
- Types of Debentures
(i) From the Security Point of View: Secured Debentures or Unsecured Debentures.
(ii) From the Redemption Point of View: Redeemable Debentures or Irredeemable Debentures.
(iii) From the Registration Point of View: Registered Debentures or Bearer Debentures.
(iv) From the Convertibility Point of View: Convertible Debentures or Non-Convertible Debentures.
- Issue of Debentures: Debentures can be issued for: (i) cash, (ii) consideration other than cash, and (iii) as Collateral Security. These debentures can be issued: (a) at par, or (b) at premium, or (c) at discount. Accounting for issue of debentures for cash is the same as the accounting for issue of shares with one difference, i.e., the word 'Shares' shall be replaced by 'Debentures' and 'Share Capital', by 'Debentures'. The terms used for the issue of shares will be changed at the time of issue of debentures.

| Terms for /ssue of Shares | Terms for Issue of Debentures |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. Shares Application/Allotment/First Call ..., etc. | Debentures Application/Allotment/First Call ..., etc. |
| 2. Share Capital | Debentures |

Note: Premium on the issue of shares or debentures is called Securities Premium.
Only Debentures can be issued at discount.

- Issue of Debentures for Consideration other than Cash: A company can issue debentures to promoters, underwriters and the vendors as a payment for the pyrchase of the assets, such an issue of debentures is known as issue of debentures for consideration other than cash.
- Excess of purchase consideration over Net Assets acquired is debited to 'Goodwill Account'.
- Excess of Net Assets acquired over purchase consideration is credited to 'Capital Reserve Account'.
- Issue of Debentures as Collateral Security: Collateral security means an additional security pledged against loan. A company can issue its own debentures as a collateral security.
No interest is payable on such debentures.
- Writing off Discount/Loss on Issue of Debentures: Discount or Loss on Issue of Debentures is a capital loss for a company which is written off in the year when debentures are allotted. It is written off from (i) Securities Premium Reserve (if it has a balance); or from (ii) Statement of Profit and Loss; or from (iii) Capital Reserve.
- Underwriting Commission is written off in the year in which it is incurred. It is written off from Securities Premium Reserve (if it has a balance) or from Statement of Profit and Loss.
- Premium on Redemption of Debentures is to be shown under the main head 'Non-Current Liabilities' and sub-head 'Long-term Borrowings'.
- Interest on Debentures is an expense for the company. It is a charge against the profits of the company and is payable whether the company earns profit or not. It is shown as 'Finance Costs' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.


## Solved Questions

Illustration 1 (Interest on Debentures).
X Ltd. issued 5,000, 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each on 1st April, 2018 at par redeemable at a premium of $10 \%$. TDS is deducted @ $10 \%$. Pass Journal entries relating to issue of debentures and debentures' interest for the year ended 31st March, 2019 assuming that the interest was payable half-yearly on 30th September and 31st March.

| Solution: |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Particulars |  | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| $\begin{array}{ll} 2018 & \\ \text { April } & 1 \end{array}$ | Bank A/c <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c (Being the amount received on application) | ...Dr. |  | 5,00,000 | 5,00,000 |
| April 1 | Debentures Application and Allotment A/C Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c <br> To 10\% Debentures A/c <br> To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c (Being the issue of debentures at par and redeemable | ...Dr. <br> ...Dr. |  | 5,00,000 50,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,00,000 \\ 50,000 \end{array}$ |
| Sept. 30 | Debentures' Interest A/C <br> To Debentureholders' $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ <br> To TDS Payable A/c <br> (Being the interest due for 6 months;TDS deducted @ |  |  | 25,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 22,500 \\ 2,500 \end{array}$ |
| Sept. 30 | Debentureholders' $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{C}$ <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being the payment of interest) | ...Dr. |  | 22,500 | 22,500 |
| Sept. 30 | TDS Payable A/c <br> To BankA/c <br> (Being the TDS deducted deposited) | ...Dr. |  | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| $2019$ <br> March 31 | Debentures' Interest A/c <br> To Debentureholders' $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ <br> To TDS Payable A/c <br> (Being the interest due for 6 months;TDS deducted @ | ...Dr. |  | 25,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 22,500 \\ 2,500 \end{array}$ |
| March 31 | Debentureholders' $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{C}$ <br> To Bank A/C <br> (Being the payment of interest) | ...Dr. |  | 22,500 | 22,500 |
| March 31 | TDS Payable A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being the TDS deducted deposited) | ...Dr. |  | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| March 31 | Statement of Profit and Loss <br> To Debentures' Interest A/C <br> To Loss on Issue of Debentures A/C <br> (Being the transfer of Debentures'Interest and Loss on Issue of debentures to Statement of Profit and Loss) | ...Dr. |  | 1,00,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 50,000 \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ |

## Illustration 2.

On 1st June, 2018, Goodluck Ltd. issued 5,000, 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at par redeemable after five years at a premium of $10 \%$. All the debentures were subscribed and allotment made. The balance in Securities Premium Reserve is ₹ 20,000. Profit for the year was ₹ 50,000.

Pass the Journal entries for issue of debentures and writing off the loss and prepare the extract of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2019 showing Loss on Issue of Debentures.

## Solution: In the Books of Goodluck Ltd.

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | $\mathrm{Cr} .(\mathrm{F})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  |
| June 1 | Bank A/c ...Dr. |  | 5,00,000 |  |
|  | To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> (Being the subscription received for $5,000,10 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each) |  |  | 5,00,000 |
|  | Debentures Application and Allotment A/c ...Dr. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,00,000 \\ 50,000 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | Loss on Issue of Debentures A/C |  |  |  |
|  | To 10\% Debentures A/c <br> To Premium on Redemption of Debentures |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,00,000 \\ 50,000 \end{array}$ |
|  | (Being 5,000, 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each issuued at par, redeemable at $10 \%$ premium) |  |  |  |
| 2019 |  |  |  |  |
| March 31 | Securities Premium Reserve A/C ...Dr. |  | 20,000 |  |
|  | Statement of Profit and Loss ...Dr. |  | 30,000 |  |
|  | To Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c <br> (Being the of loss on issue of debentures written off) |  |  | 50,000 |

ALANCE SHEET (Extract)
as at 31st March, 2019

| Particulars | Note No. | ₹ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |
| Shareholders' Funds <br> Reserves and Surplus | 1 | 20,000 |

## Note to Accounts

| 1. Reserves and Surplus |  | ₹ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Securities Premium Reserve | 20,000 | $20,000$ |
| Less: Loss on Issue of Debentures written off | 20,000 |  |
| Surplus, i.e., Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ 50,000-₹ 30,000) |  |  |
|  |  | 20,000 |

## Illustration 3.

DSC Ventures Ltd. issued on 1st April, 2017, 10,000, 9\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at $10 \%$ discount redeemable after five years at a premium of ₹ 10 . All the debentures were subscribed. During the year ended 31st March, 2018, the company incurred a loss of ₹ 20,000 . It has balance in Securities Premium Reserve of $₹ 1,50,000$.

Pass the Journal entries and prepare the extract of the Balance Sheet showing Loss on Issue of Debentures.

Solution:
JOURNAL OF DSC VENTURES LTD.

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2017$ <br> April 1 | Bank A/c <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ <br> (Being the application money received for $10,000,9 \%$ Debentures) <br> Debentures Application and Allotment $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ <br> Loss on Issue of Debentures $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ <br> To $9 \%$ Debentures A/c <br> To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c <br> (Being the debentures issued) <br> Securities Premium Reserve A/c <br> Statement of Profit and Loss <br> To Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c <br> (Being the loss on issue of Debentures written off) |  | $9,00,000$ $\begin{aligned} & 9,00,000 \\ & 2,00,000 \end{aligned}$ 1,50,000 $50,000$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,00,000 \\ 10,00,000 \\ 1,00,000 \\ 2,00,000 \end{array}$ |
|  | BALANCE SHEET (EXTRACT) as at 31st March, 2018 |  |  |  |
| Particulars |  |  | Note No. | ₹ |
| I. EQUITY AND LIABILITI <br> Shareholders' Funds <br> Reserves and Surplus |  |  | 1 | $(70,000)$ |

## Note to Accounts

| Particulars | $₹$ | $₹$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Reserves and Surplus |  |  |
| Securities Premium Reserve | $1,50,000$ |  |
| Less:Loss on Issue of Debentures Written off | $1,50,000$ | $\ldots$ |
| Surplus, i.e., Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss (- ₹ $20,000-₹ 50,000)$ |  | $(70,000)$ |
|  |  | $(70,000)$ |

## Illustration 4.

On 1st April, 2016, Sunstar Ltd. issued 10,000, 12\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of $5 \%$, redeemable as follows:

On 31st March, 2017
On 31st March, 2018
2,000 Debentures;
5,000 Debentures;
3,000 Debentures.
Interest is paid annually on 31st March. Discount on Issue of Debentures is to be written off in the year in which Debentures are issued.
You are required to pass the Journal entries, including for interest for the three years and prepare Discount on Issue of Debentures Account.


| Dr. | DISCOUNT ON ISSUE OF DEBENTURES ACCOUNT |  |  |  | Cr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Particulars | ₹ | Date | Particulars | ₹ |
| 2016 <br> April 1 | To 12\% Debentures A/c | 50,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 2017 \\ & \text { March } 31 \end{aligned}$ | By Statement of Profit and Loss | 50,000 |
|  |  | 50,000 |  |  | 50,000 |

## Illustration 5.

Pilot Pens Ltd. issued 5,000, 6\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of $20 \%$. It had balance in Securities Premium Reserve of ₹ 60,000 . It decided to write off the discount in the first year itself.
Show the Notes to Accounts writing off the Discount on Issue of Debentures.

## Solution:

## Note to Accounts

| Particulars | $₹$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Reserves and Surplus |  |  |
| Securities Premium Reserve | 60,000 |  |
| Opening Balance | 60,000 | $\ldots$ |
| Less: Discount on Issue of Debentures written off |  |  |
| Surplus, i.e., Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss |  |  |
| Loss for the year (Discount on Issue of Debentures written off) | $(40,000)$ |  |

Note: Balance amount of Discount on Issue of Debentures (₹ 40,000 ) is written off from Statement of Profit and Loss. Hence, the balance in Surplus, i.e., Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss shows negative balance of ₹ 40,000 .

## Illustration 6.

On 1st April, 2018, Moonlight Ltd. issued 1,000, $9 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 200 each at a discount of 5\% redeemable after 5 years at a premium of $10 \%$. All the debentures were subscribed and allotment made. The balance in Securities Premium Reserve is ₹ 10,000 . Profit for the year was ₹ 50,000 . Pass the Journal entries for issue of debentures and writing off the loss in the year of issue of debentures. Prepare the extract of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2019 showing Loss on Issue of Debentures.

| Date | Particulars |  | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll} 2018 & \\ \text { April } & 1 \end{array}$ | Bank A/c <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> (Being the application received for 1,000; $9 \%$ Debenture <br> @ ₹ 190 per debenture) | ...Dr. |  | 1,90,000 | 1,90,000 |
|  | Debentures Application and Allotment A/c Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c <br> To 9\% Debentures A/c <br> To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/C <br> (Being 1,000;9\% Debentures allotted) | $\begin{aligned} & \text {...Dr. } \\ & \ldots \mathrm{Dr} . \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,90,000 \\ 30,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,00,000 \\ 20,000 \end{array}$ |
| 2019 <br> March 31 | Securities Premium Reserve A/c <br> Statement of Profit and Loss (Finance cost) <br> To Loss on Issue of Debentures $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{C}$ <br> (Being the Loss on Issue of Debentures written off) | $\begin{aligned} & \text {...Dr. } \\ & \text {...Dr. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & 20,000 \end{aligned}$ | 30,000 |

BALANCE SHEET (EXTRACT)
as at 31st March, 2019

| Particulars | Note No. | ₹ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES <br> Shareholders' Funds <br> Reserves and Surplus |  |  |

## Note to Accounts

| Particulars | $₹$ | $₹$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Reserves and Surplus |  |  |
| Securities Premium Reserve | 10,000 |  |
| Less:Loss on Issue of Debentures Written off | 10,000 | $\ldots$ |
| Surplus, i.e., Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss (₹ $50,000-₹ 20,000)$ |  | 30,000 |
|  |  | 30,000 |

## Illustration 7.

Mayur Ltd. issued 5,000; 9\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at par and obtained a loan of ₹ 8,00,000 from bank, which is collaterally secured by ₹ $10,00,000 ; 9 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each. How are debentures shown in the Balance Sheet of the company if the company has passed an entry for issue of debentures as collateral security in the books?

Solution:
AN EXTRACT OF BALANCE SHEET OF MAYUR LTD. as at ...

| Particulars | Note No. | $₹$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Non-Current Liabilities |  | 1 | $13,00,000$ |
| Long-term Borrowings |  |  |  |

## Note to Accounts

| 1. Long-term Borrowings |  | $₹$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 5,$000 ; 9 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each |  |  |
| Bank Loan | $8,00,000$ |  |
| 10,$000 ; 9 \%$ Debentures of $₹ 100$ each issued as Collateral Security | $8,00,000$ |  |
| Less: Debentures Suspense A/c | $10,00,000$ |  |
|  | $10,00,000$ | $\ldots$ |
|  |  | $13,00,000$ |

## Illustration 8.

Pass the Journal entries for the following:
(i) Dhoni Ltd. issued 20,000; 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at par, redeemable at par after 5 years.
(ii) Stokes Ltd. issued 30,000; 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of $5 \%$ to be repaid at par at the end of 5 years.
(iii) Corney Ltd. issued 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each of the value ₹ $40,00,000$ at a premium of $5 \%$ to be redeemed at par.
(iv) Daniel Ltd. issued ₹ $50,00,000$; $12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at par redeemable at the end of 10 years at $105 \%$.
(v) Emily Ltd. issued ₹ $60,00,000 ; 12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of $5 \%$ repayable at a premium of $10 \%$ at the end of 5 years.
(vi) Feather Ltd. issued ₹ $70,00,000 ; 12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of $5 \%$ redeemable at $110 \%$.

## Solution:

(i) JOURNAL OF DHONI LTD.

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank A/c <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> (Being the debentures application money received) |  | $20,00,000$ | 20,00,000 |
|  | Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> To 10\% Debentures A/c <br> (Being 20,000; 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each issued at par) |  | 20,00,000 | 20,00,000 |
| (ii) | JOURNAL OF STOKES LTD. |  |  |  |
| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) |
|  | Bank A/c <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> (Being the debentures application money received) |  | 28,50,000 | 28,50,000 |
|  | Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> Discount on Issue of Debentures A/c <br> To 10\% Debentures A/c <br> (Being the issue of 30,$000 ; 10 \%$ Debentures of $₹ 100$ each at a discount of 5\%) |  | $\begin{array}{r} 28,50,000 \\ 1,50,000 \end{array}$ | $30,00,000$ |
| (iii) |  |  |  |  |
| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
|  | Bank A/c <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> (Being the debentures application money received) |  | 42,00,000 | 42,00,000 |
|  | Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> To $10 \%$ Debentures A/C <br> To Securities Premium Reserve A/c <br> (Being the issue of 40,$000 ; 10 \%$ Debentures of $₹ 100$ each at a premium of $5 \%$ ) |  | 42,00,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 40,00,000 \\ 2,00,000 \end{array}$ |


| (iv) JOURNAL OF DANIEL LTD. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (\%) |
|  | Bank A/c <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> (Being the debentures application money received) |  | 50,00,000 | 50,00,000 |
|  | Debentures Application and Allotment A/c ...Dr. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 50,00,000 \\ 2,50,000 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c ...Dr. |  |  |  |
|  | To 12\% Debentures A/c |  |  | 50,00,000 |
|  | To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c (Being the issue of 50,$000 ; 12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at par redeemable at 105\%) |  |  | 2,50,000 |

(v) JOURNAL OF EMILY LTD.


## (vi) JOURNAL OF FEATHER LTD.

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. ( ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank A/c (₹ $70,00,000+5 \%$ of ₹ $70,00,000$ ) <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> (Being the debentures application money received) | $\begin{array}{r} 73,50,000 \\ 73,50,000 \\ 7,00,000 \end{array}$ |  | 73,50,000 |
|  | Debentures Application and Allotment A/c |  |  |  |
|  | Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c |  |  |  |
|  | To 12\% Debentures A/c |  |  | 70,00,000 |
|  | To Securities Premium Reserve A/c |  |  | 3,50,000 |
|  | To Premium on Redemption of Debentures $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ |  |  | 7,00,000 |
|  | (Being the issue of 70,$000 ; 12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of $5 \%$ and redeemable at a premium of $10 \%$ ), |  |  |  |

Illustration 9 (Writing off Loss equally over life of the debentures).
On 1st June, 2014, Goodluck Ltd. issued 50,000, 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at par redeemable after five years at a premium of $10 \%$. It was decided to write off Loss on Issue of Debentures in five years equally beginning 31st March, 2015.

Pass the Journal entries for issue of debentures and writing off the loss and prepare Loss on Issue of Debentures Account till it is completely written off.

Solution:
JOURNAL OF GOODLUCK LTD.

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll} 2014 & \\ \text { June } & 1 \end{array}$ | Bank A/c <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{C}$ <br> (Being the application money received for 50,000, 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each) |  | 50,00,000 | 50,00,000 |
|  | Debentures Application and Allotment A/c <br> Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c <br> To 10\% Debentures A/c <br> To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/C (Being 50,000, 10\% Debentures issued at par and redeemable at $10 \%$ premium) |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 50,00,000 } \\ 5,00,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 50,00,000 } \\ 5,00,000 \end{array}$ |



## Illustration 10.

On 1st October, 2015, Nimrat Ltd. issued 20,000, 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 at ₹ 71 each redeemable at par as follows:

On 31st March, 2017
On 31st March, 2018
On 31st March, 2019
On 31st March, 2020
How much discount will be written off each year by the company?

## Solution:

Amount of Discount on Issue of Debentures $=₹ 5,80,000$ (i.e., 20,000 Debentures $\times ₹ 29$ ).
Calculation of Amount of Discount on Issue of Debentures to be Written off

| Year ended 31st March, | Debentures Outstanding ( $₹$ ) | Ratio | Discount to be Written off ( $₹$ ) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 2016 | $20,00,000$ (for 6 Months) | 10 | $5,80,000 \times 10 / 65=89,231$ |
| 2017 | $20,00,000$ (for 12 Months) | 20 | $5,80,000 \times 20 / 65=1,78,462$ |
| 2018 | $17,00,000$ (for 12 Months) | 17 | $5,80,000 \times 17 / 65=1,51,692$ |
| 2019 | $12,00,000$ (for 12 Months) | 12 | $5,80,000 \times 12 / 65=1,07,077$ |
| 2020 | $6,00,000$ (for 12 Months) | 6 | $5,80,000 \times 6 / 65=53,538$ |
|  |  | 65 |  |

Explanation: Debentures are issued on 1st October, 2015. It means in the year ended 31st March, 2016, the amount is used for 6 months. Hence, the ratio is accordingly for 6 months.

Illustration 11 (Debentures Discount, when First Redemption Due in Next Accounting Period).
X Ltd. issued 10,000, 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of $6 \%$ on 1st July, 2015 repayable by five equal annual instalments of ₹ 2,00,000 each.

The company closes its accounts on 31st March, every year. Determine the amount of discount to be written off in every accounting year if the debentures are to be redeemed equally every year beginning from 30th June, 2016. Also prepare Discount on Issue of Debentures Account.

Solution: Total amount of Discount on Issue of Debentures $=₹ 10,00,000 \times 6 / 100=₹ 60,000$.

## Calculation of Amount of Discount on Issue of Debentures to be Written off



## Master Questions and Advanced Level Question

## Illustration 12.

Eey Kay Ltd. issued 10,000, 12\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of $10 \%$ and redeemable at $5 \%$ premium after 5 years. Interest was payable half-yearly on 30th September and 31st March each year. The amount was payable as follows:
₹ 50 on application; and
Balance on allotment.
Applications were received for 12,500 Debentures and allotment was made on pro rata basis to all the applicants. Excess application money was adjusted against allotment money due.
The company had purchased Plant and Machinery of ₹ $11,00,000$. It paid the consideration by issue of $10 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of $10 \%$.

You are required to:
(i) Pass Journal entries for issue of debentures; and
(ii) Prepare Balance Sheet showing the above transactions.

as at ...

| Particulars | Note No. | ₹ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |
| 1. Shareholders' Funds |  |  |
| Reserves and Surplus | 1 | $(50,000)$ |
| 2. Non-Current Liabilities |  |  |
| Long-term Borrowings | 2 | 20,50,000 |
| Total |  | 20,00,000 |
| II. ASSETS |  |  |
| 1. Non-Current Assets |  |  |
| Fixed Assets-Tangible | 3 | 11,00,000 |
| 2. Current Assets |  |  |
| Cash and Bank Balances | 4 | 9,00,000 |
| Total |  | 20,00,000 |
| Notes to Accounts |  |  |
| 1. Reserves and Surplus |  | ₹ |
| Securities Premium Reserve 1,00,000 |  |  |
| Less: Loss on Issue of Debentures 1,00,000 |  | ... |
| Surplus, i.e., Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss: |  |  |
| Opening Balance <br> Less:Loss on Issue of Debentures | ... |  |
|  | 50,000 | $(50,000)$ |
|  |  | $(50,000)$ |
| 2. Long-term Borrowings |  |  |
| 10,000; 12\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each |  | 10,00,000 |
| 10,000; 10\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each |  | 10,00,000 |
| (Above 10\% Debentures issued to Vendors of machinery pursuant to contract for |  |  |
| consideration other than Cash) |  |  |
| Premium Payable on Redemption of Debentures |  | 50,000 |
|  |  | 20,50,000 |
| 3. Fixed Assets-Tangible |  |  |
| Plant and Machinery |  | 11,00,000 |
| 4. Cash and Bank Balances |  |  |
| Cash at Bank |  | 9,00,000 |

Gee Ess Ltd. is registered with authorised capital of 2,00,000 shares of $₹ 10$ each and issued, subscribed and fully paid-up capital of ₹ $15,00,000$. It purchased computers of $₹ 7,50,000$ and office furniture of ₹ $2,50,000$ and issued $10 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at $10 \%$ discount to the Vendors, redeemable at par. The company also issued 10,000 , $8 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of $10 \%$ redeemable at $10 \%$ premium. The amount was payable along with application.
The applications were received for 12,500 debentures and allotment was made on pro rata basis to all the applicants. Both the allotments were made on 1st April, 2014.
You are required to:
(i) Pass Journal entries for issue of debentures;
(ii) Pass Journal entries for interest for the year ended 31st March, 2015 and
(iii) Prepare Balance Sheet showing the above transactions.

Note: According to the terms of issue, interest is payable on half-yearly basis.


BALANCE SHEET OF GEE ESS LTD.
as at...

| Particulars | Note No. | $₹$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |
| 1. Shareholders' Funds |  |  |
| (a) Share Capital |  |  |
| (b) Reserves and Surplus |  |  |
| 2. Non-Current Liabilities |  |  |
| Long-term Borrowings |  |  |
| Total | 3 | $(3,00,000$ |
| II. ASSETS |  |  |
| 1. Non-Current Assets |  |  |
| Fixed Assets-Tangible |  |  |
| 2. Current Assets |  |  |
| Cash and Bank Balances |  |  |
| Total |  |  |

## Notes to Accounts

| 1. Share Capital |  |  | ₹ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Authorised Capital |  |  |  |
| 2,00,000 shares of ₹ 10 each |  |  | 20,00,000 |
| Issued Capital |  |  |  |
| 1,50,000 shares of ₹ 10 each |  |  | 15,00,000 |
| Subscribed Capital |  |  |  |
| Subscribed and fully paid-up |  |  |  |
| 1,50,000 shares of ₹ 10 each |  |  | 15,00,000 |
| 2. Reserves and Surplus |  |  |  |
| Securities Premium Reserve |  | 1,00,000 |  |
| Less: Discount on Issue of Debentures Written off |  | 1,00,000 | ... |
| Surplus, i.e., Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss: |  |  |  |
| Opening Balance |  |  |  |
| Less: Discount on Issue of Debentures | 11,110 |  |  |
| Loss on Issue of Debentures | 1,00,000 |  |  |
| Interest on Debentures (₹ 95,555 + ₹ 95,555) | 1,91,110 | 3,02,220 | $(3,02,220)$ |
|  |  |  | $(3,02,220)$ |
| 3. Long-term Borrowings |  |  |  |
| 11,111; $10 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (1,11,100 |  |  |  |
| (Issued to Vendors of Computers and Office Furniture for consideration |  |  |  |
| 10,000; $8 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each |  |  | 10,00,000 |
| Premium payable on Redemption of Debentures |  |  | 1,00,000 |
|  |  |  | 22,11,100 |
| 4. Cash and Bank Balances |  |  |  |
| Cash at Bank |  |  | 24,08,880 |
| (Opening Balance ₹ 15,00,000 + ₹ 13,75,000-₹ 2, 75,000 - ₹ 1,91,110-₹ 10 ) |  |  |  |

## Advanced Level Question

## Illustration 14.

The Earth Ltd. invited applications for issuing 10,000, $12 \%$ Debentures of $₹ 100$ each at a premium of $5 \%$, redeemable at a premium of $5 \%$, after 5 years. The full amount was payable on application. Applications were received for 14,000 debentures out of which applicants for 9,000 debentures were allotted fully, applicants for 2,500 debentures were allotted 1,000 debentures and remaining applications were rejected.

On 1st October, 2016, company purchased building worth ₹ 10,00,000, Plant and Machinery worth ₹ $8,00,000$ from M/s. Raman \& Company and took over their Liabilities of ₹ $3,00,000$ for a purchase price of ₹ $16,50,000$. The company paid the purchase price by issuing $12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of $10 \%$, redeemable at the end of 5 years at par.

During the accounting year 2016-17 on 1st October, 2016 company took a loan of ₹ 10,00,000 from ICICI Bank payable on 31st March, 2018 and issued ₹ 15,00,000, 12\% Debentures as collateral security.

## Additional Information:

(a) Debenture interest is payable half-yearly on 30th September and 31st March.
(b) Tax to be deducted at source @ $10 \%$.
(c) Ignore interest on bank loan.
(d) It was decided by the company to write-off Loss on Issue of Debentures as early as possible. Pass necessary Journal entries in the books of Earth Ltd. for the year 2016-17.

| Solution: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| April 1 | Bank A/c <br> To Debentures Application and Allotment $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{C}$ <br> (Being the application money received for 14,000; 12\% Debentures @ ₹ 105 each) |  | 14,70,000 | 14,70,000 |
| April 1 | Debentures Application and Allotment A/c ...Dr. <br> Loss on Issue of Debentures $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ $\ldots \mathrm{Dr}$. <br> To $12 \%$ Debentures $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{c}$  <br> To Securities Premium Reserve A/c  <br> To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c  <br> To Bank A/c  <br> (Being 10,$000 ; 12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each issued at $5 \%$ premium  <br> and redeemable at $5 \%$ premium and excess money returned)  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 14,70,000 \\ 50,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,00,000 \\ 50,000 \\ 50,000 \\ 4,20,000 \end{array}$ |
| Sept. 30 | Debentures' Interest A/c <br> To Debentureholders' $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ <br> To TDS Payable A/c <br> (Being the interest due on $12 \%$ Debentures for half year ended 30th September, 2016,TDS being deducted @ 10\%) |  | 60,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 54,000 \\ 6,000 \end{array}$ |
| Sept. 30 | Debentureholders' $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ <br> To BankA/c <br> (Being the interest paid to debentureholders) |  | 54,000 | 54,000 |



## Notes:

1. Interest on Debentures issued as collateral security is not paid. Therefore, interest on 15,000;12\% Debentures of ₹ 100 each is not accounted.
2. Calculation of Interest: ₹
(i) Half year ended 30th September, 2016

10,$000 ; 12 \%$ Debentures of $₹ 100$ each $\left(₹ 10,00,000 \times \frac{12}{100} \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \quad \xlongequal{60,000}$
TDS Payable (₹ $60,000 \times 10 \%)=₹ 6,000$.
(ii) Half year ended 31th March, 2017

10,$000 ; 12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each $\left(₹ 10,00,000 \times \frac{12}{100} \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \quad 60,000$
15,000; $12 \%$ Debentures of ₹ 100 each $\left(₹ 15,00,000 \times \frac{12}{100} \times \frac{1}{2}\right)$
TDS Payable ( $₹ 1,50,000 \times 10 \%$ ) $=$ ₹ 15,000 .

